

<u>Workshop ID :</u>	6
<u>Workshop Duration :</u>	Workshop - 2 Days
<u>Workshop Title :</u>	The revival of the lexicon: on the crossroads of lexicology, lexicography and terminology
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The study of the lexicon has not only received a major impetus in post-Chomskyan linguistics, but the lexicon has also acquired a more prominent position in the ranking of linguistic disciplines. The dominance of philological lexicology had to make way for new approaches to the lexicon and this also influenced lexicography. This development takes the form of various ideas emerging from cognitive linguistics: prototype theory, conceptual metaphor theory, frame semantics and metalexicography. More generally we can observe a revived interest in lexical semantics, polysemy phenomena, and categorization phenomena in natural language.

Alongside lexicology, terminology emerges as a complementary paradigm to study the behavior of specialized languages and its presentation in specialized dictionaries. Both lexicology and terminology necessarily team up with corpus linguistics and computational linguistics to explore and exploit the wealth of available language documentation.

The digital environment is changing the behavior of the language users. The broad availability of all types of information on the Internet implies an increased exposure of the average language user to more or less specialized language: digitized resources (not just reference works, but specialized and topic-specific websites in general) reach a much wider audience than before. As a consequence, specialized language becomes less specialized in terms of its distribution in the language community: more people than ever before now have easy access to expert lexical information as seen in the presentation and treatment of specialized terms in general dictionaries.

